



Novel Silicones

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Who is Siltech?

- ▶ A 20 year old, Canadian-based specialty silicone manufacturer with >100 employees and two production facilities



Agenda

- ▶ Design
 - Coatings systems
 - Testing
- ▶ Mono-functional silicones
- ▶ Quaternary Ammonium Silicones
- ▶ Fluoroalkyl Silicones

Experimental and Methodology:

- ▶ The overall design is to use different basic coatings systems:
 - (2) SB Urethane formulas
 - (2) UV Cured acrylate formulas
 - Cationic UV cured epoxy silicone
 - Commercial Paint
- ▶ Various organomodified silicones are evaluated for slip, COF, defects and mar, stain, and/or fingerprint resistance.

Testing

Coefficient of Friction (CoF /Slip): A ChemInstruments Coefficient of Friction-500 measures static and kinetic coefficients of friction directly.

Gloss: Measured with BYK-Gardner 60° micro-glossmeter.

Finger Print Resistance: Finger print resistance was determined by visual inspection of finger imprints remaining on the panel surface after gentle pressing and rubbing with fingers. A score of 10 is the best, which represents absence of finger prints, and 0 is the worst.

Testing (cont)

Mar Resistance: measured using a Sutherland 2000 Ink Rub Tester - Dry Rub method with differing settings

Gloss is measured immediately after rubbing for each panel. Record the loss of gloss(%) before and after rubs and a subjective rating from 0 to 10 where 10 is the best and indicates no visible effect.

Stain Resistance: One drop of test fluid was applied and allowed to sit for one hour then wiped with a paper towel. Staining is observed and recorded from 1-10 (1 = worst, and 10 = completely clean.)

In some case, a Sutherland 2000 rub tester is used to wipe the stain which is then evaluated again from 1-10.



Mono-Functional Silicones

Silmer[®] OH Mo-1 000

Silmer ACR Mo-1 000

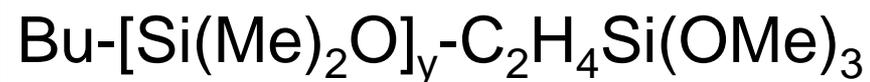
Silmer TMS Mo-1 000

Silmer[®] Mo-1000 type Synthetic Scheme



1) D₃

2) Cl-Si(Me)₂-H

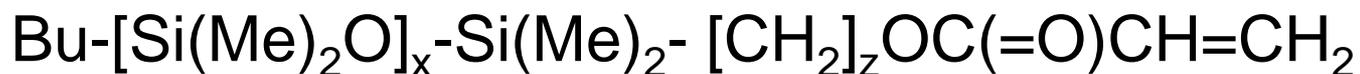


Silmer TMS Mo-1000



Silmer OH Mo-1000

“Acrylation”



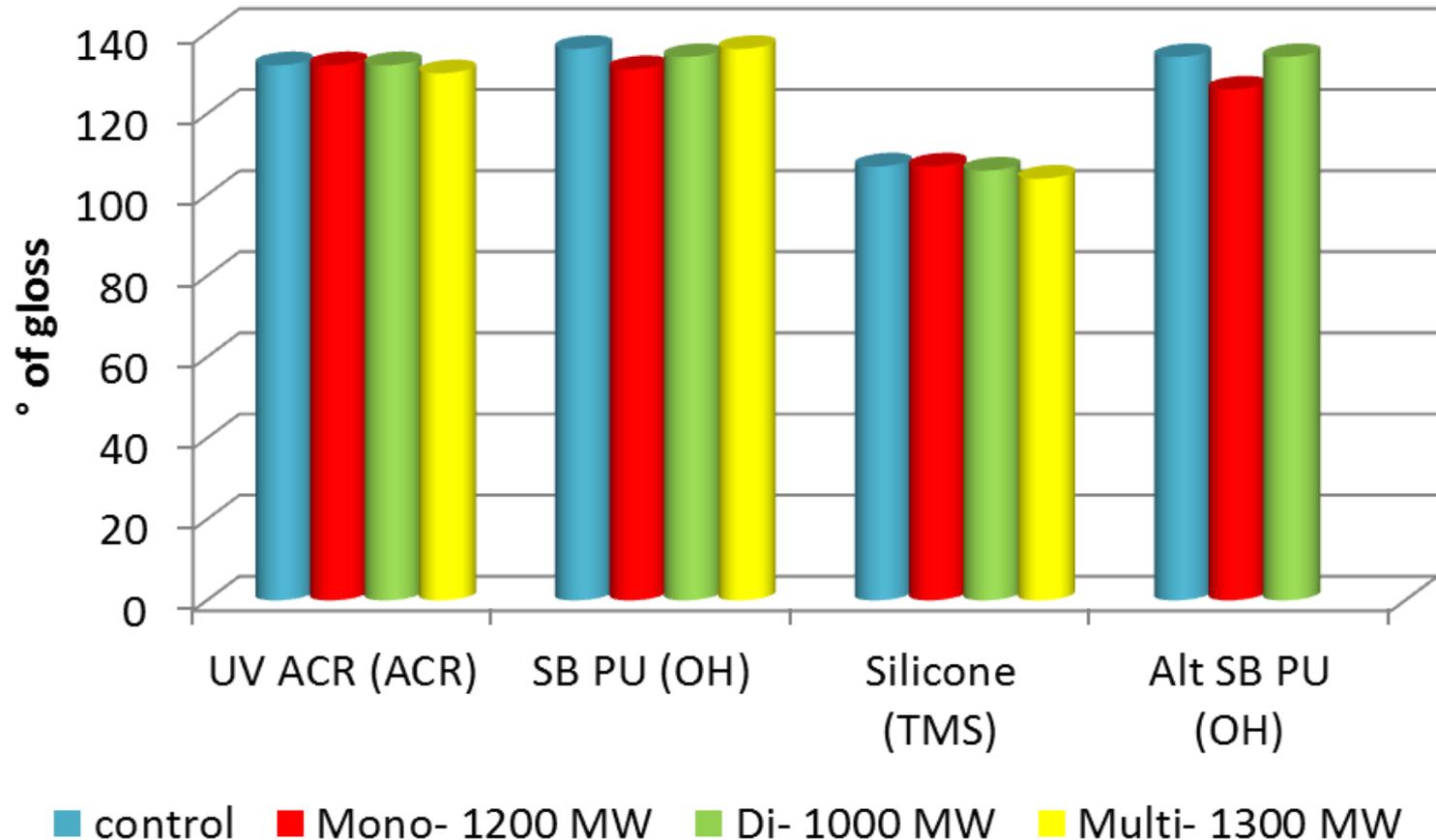
Silmer ACR Mo-1000



Mono functional and controls

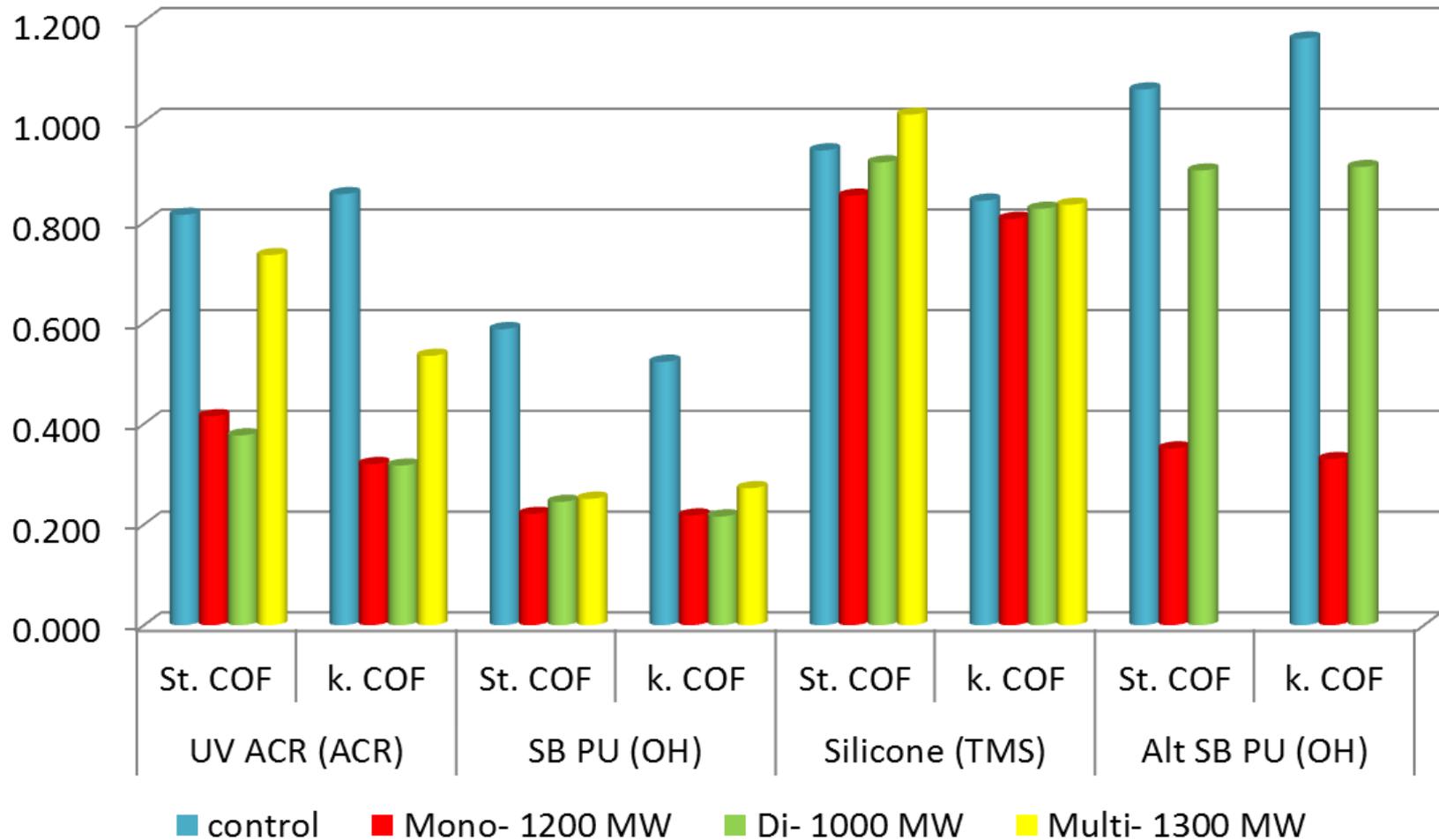
<i>Sample name</i>	<i>Functional group</i>	<i>MW</i>	<i>Type</i>
Silmer OH Mo-1000	Hydroxyl	1200	Monofunctional Reactive Silicone
Silmer ACR Mo-1000	Acrylate	1200	
Silmer TMS Mo-1000	Trimethoxy Silane	1200	
Silmer OH Di-10	Hydroxyl	1000	Di-functional Reactive Silicone
Silmer ACR Di-10	Acrylate	1000	
Silmer TMS Di-10	Trimethoxy Silane	1000	
Silmer OH D2	Hydroxyl	1300	Multi-functional Reactive Silicone
Silmer ACR D2	Acrylate	1300	
Silmer TMS D2	Trimethoxy Silane	1300	

Results: Gloss



Control is no silicone added
All silicones screened at 1%

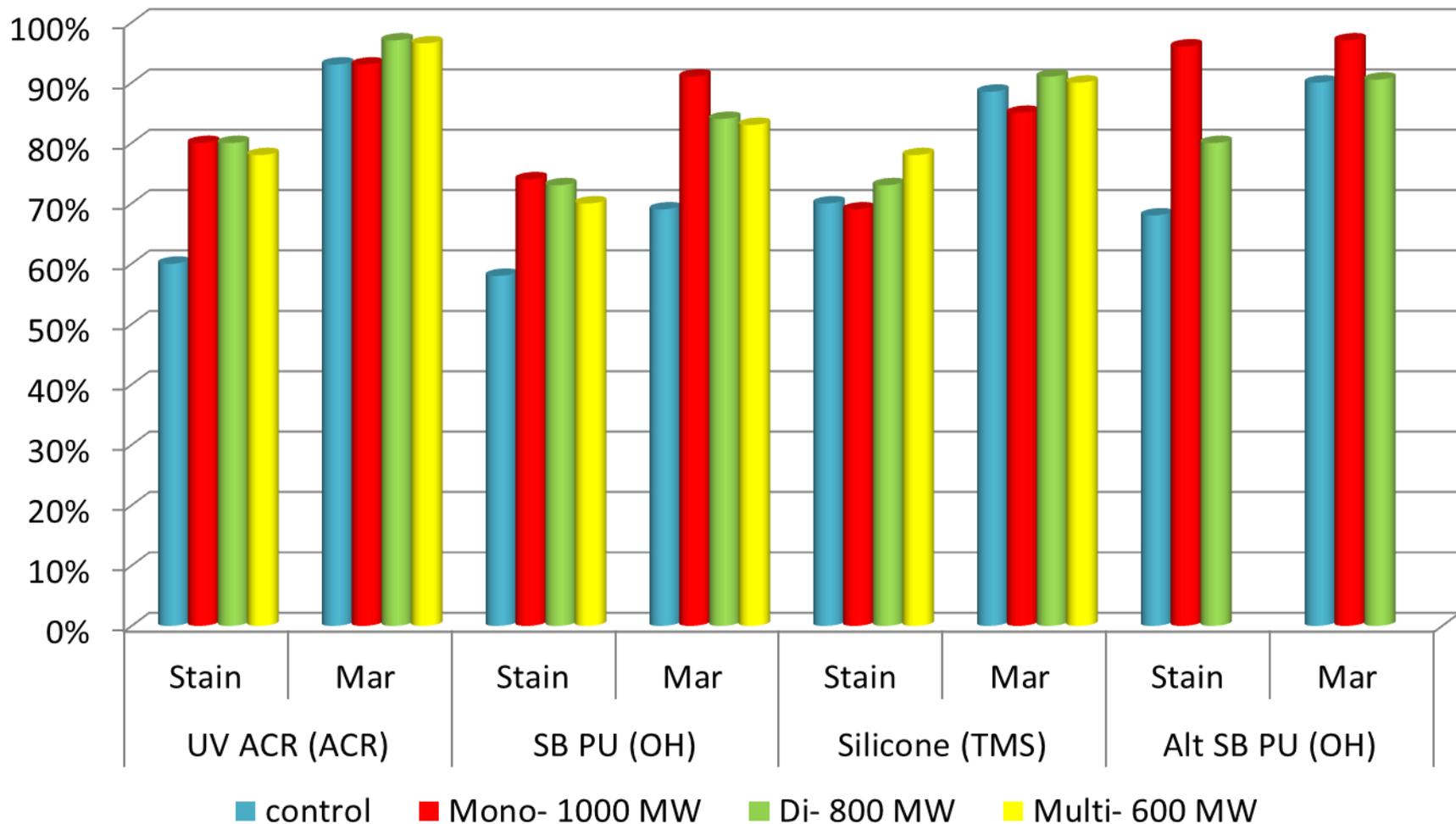
Results: CoF



Control is no silicone added
All silicones screened at 1%

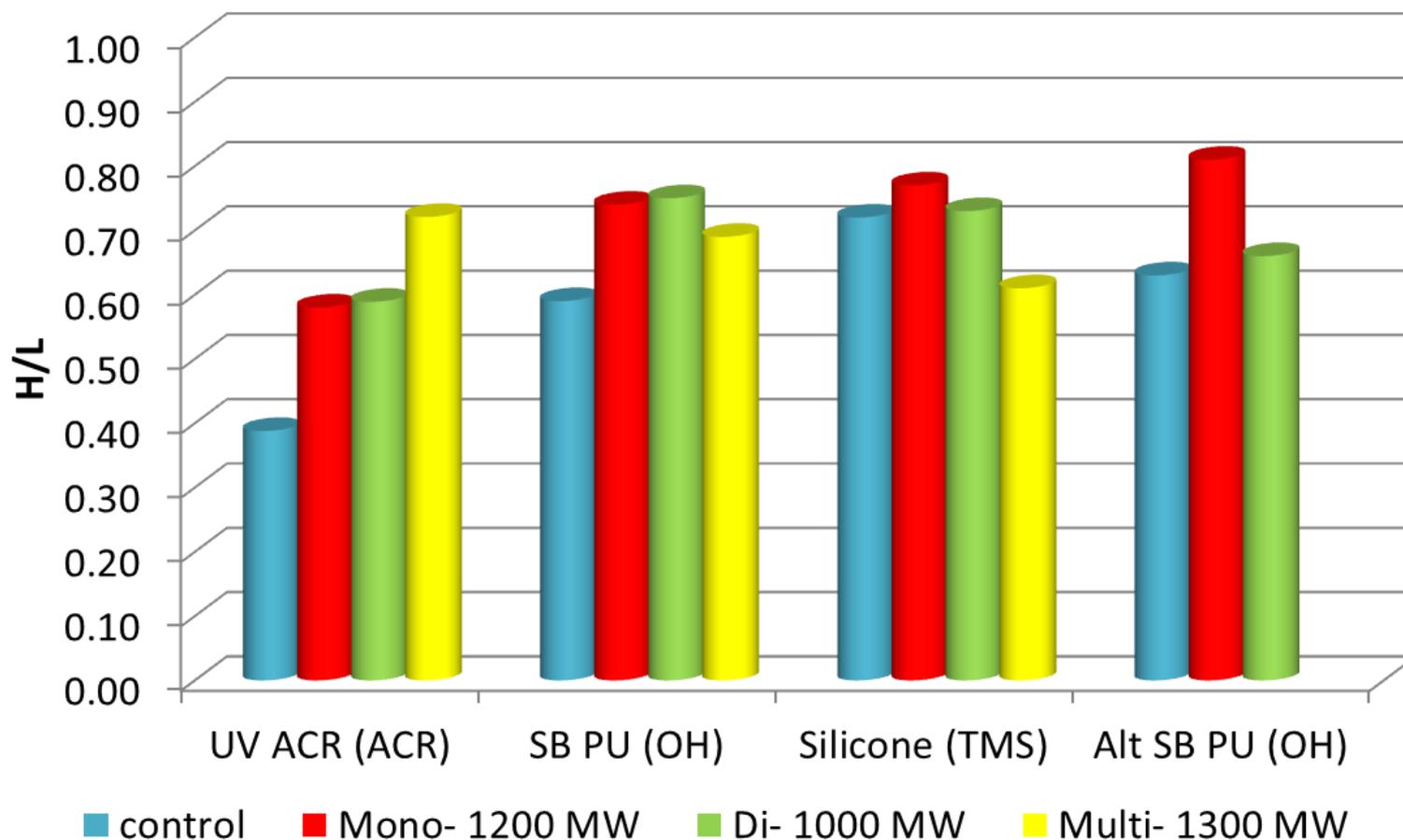


Results: Avg. Stain and Mar Resist



Stain expressed as % of 10 score

Results: Contact Angle



Control is no silicone added
All silicones screened at 1%

Results: Mono Silicones

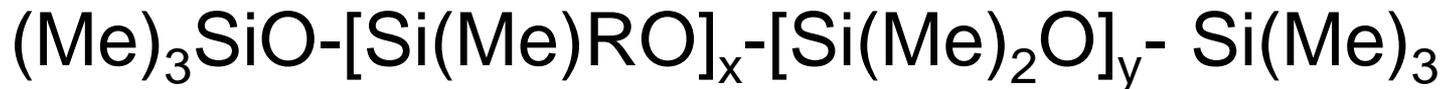
- ▶ In this one reactive study, the Mono materials are as good or better: but there is no “super” benefit
- ▶ Gloss is good
- ▶ COF is better than multi- and similar to di-functional materials
- ▶ Contact Angle, Stain and Mar Resistance are slightly better



Quaternary Ammonium Alkyl Functional Silicones

Silquat[®] A0
Silquat Di-10
Silquat D2

Silicone Quaternary Ammonium Salts



Silquat® pendant type

R = alkyl-N⁺(Et)₂Me Cl⁻



Silquat Di type

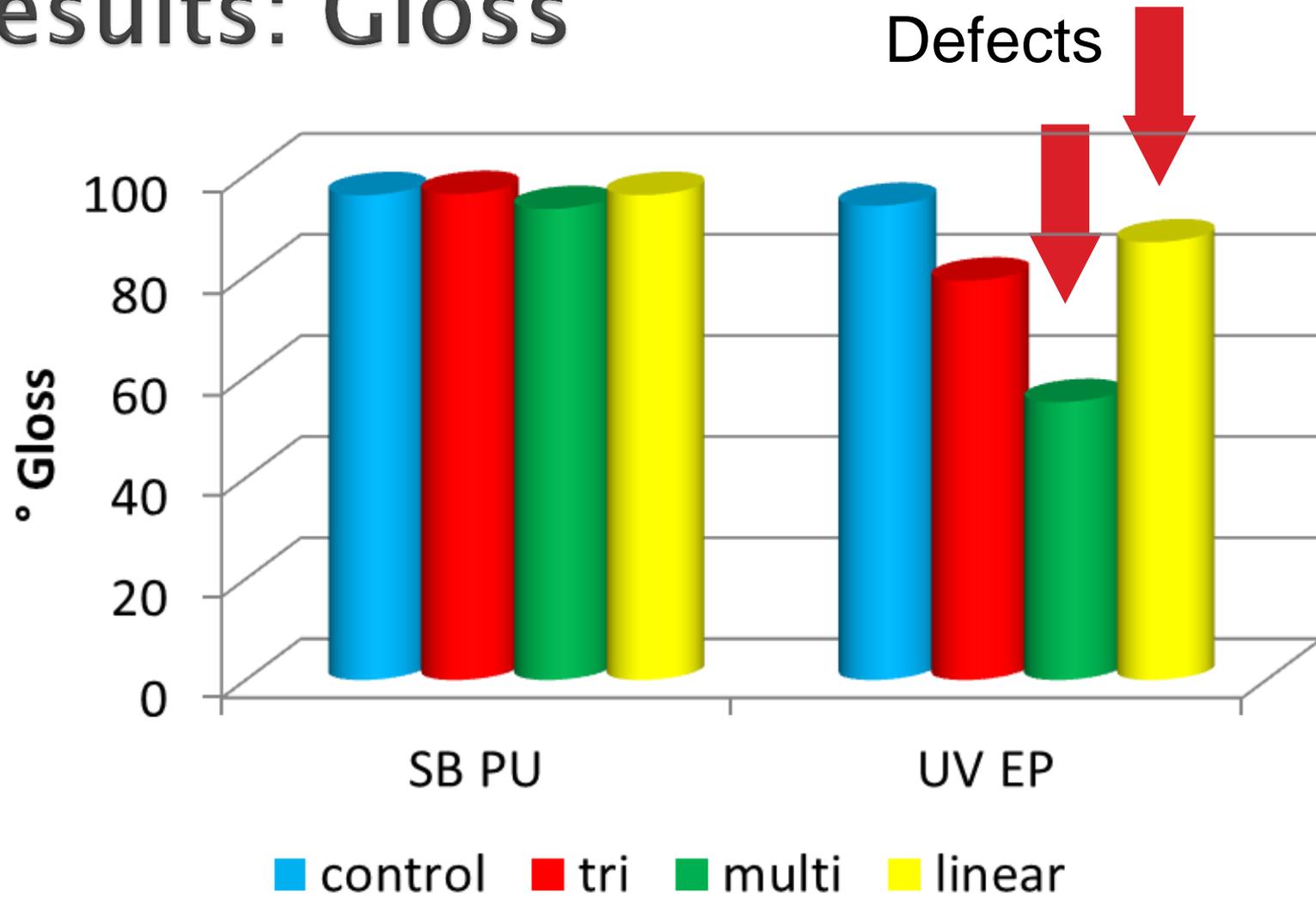


Silquat A0 trisiloxane type

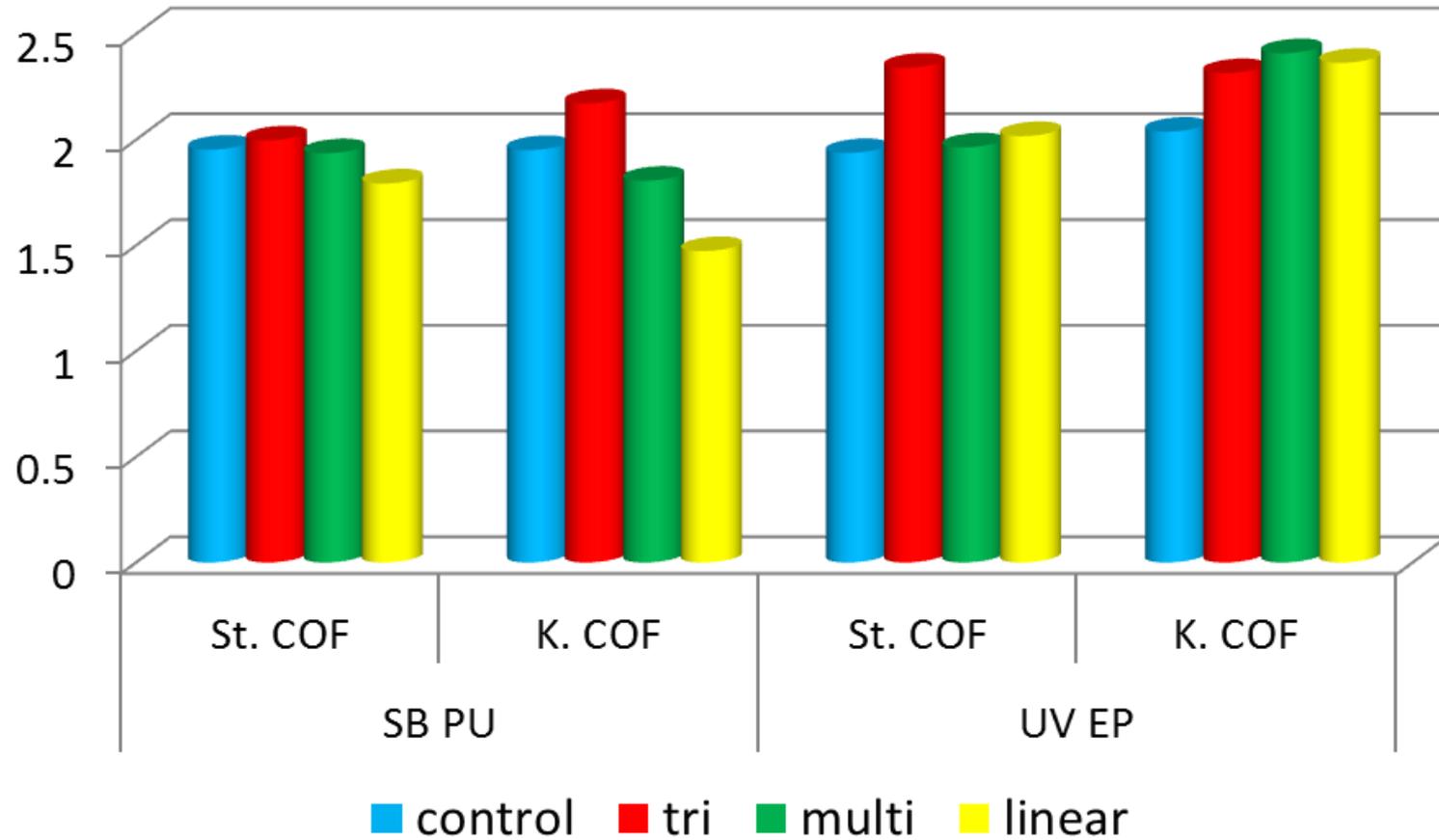
Silicone Quats

<i>Sample name</i>	<i>Surface Resistivity* Ω/sq.</i>	<i>MW</i>	<i>Type</i>
Silquat A0	2.88×10^6 (Dissipative)	500	Trisiloxane
Silquat Di-10	1.58×10^7 (Dissipative)	1300	Di-functional
Silquat D2	9.40×10^6 (Dissipative)	1900	Multi-functional
Higher MW	$\times 10^{11}$ (Insulative)	NA	Many evaluated

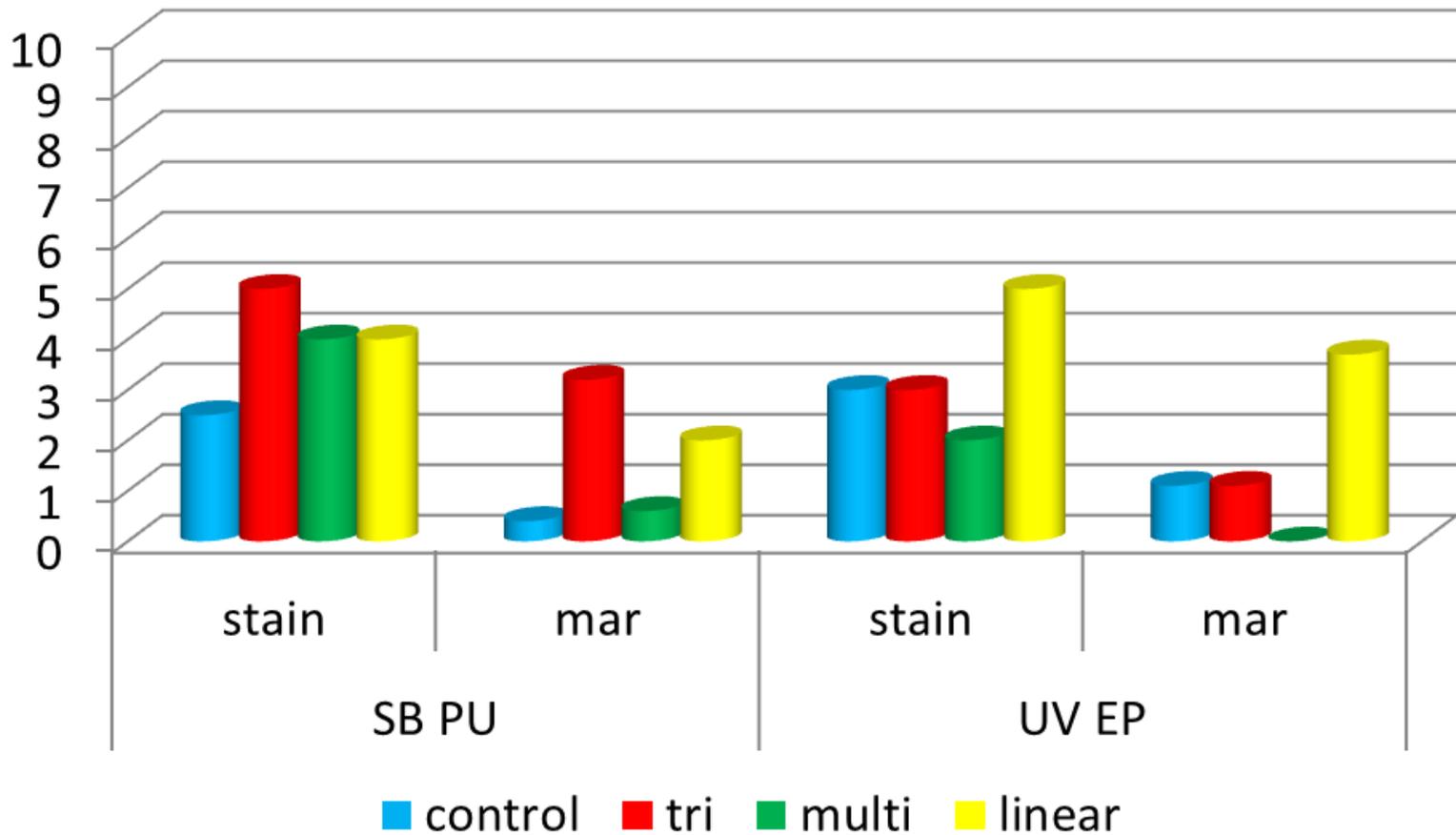
Results: Gloss



Results: COF



Results: Avg. Stain and Mar Resist



Silicone Quats Summary

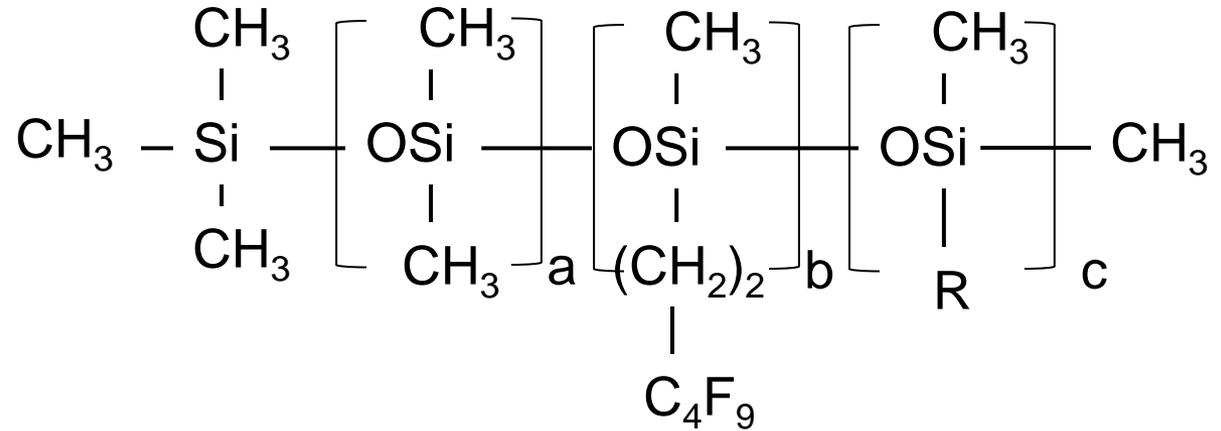
- ▶ The small MW species give dissipative properties to coatings.
- ▶ These materials are weaker than other silicones at COF reduction, flow and leveling and stain and mar resistance.



Fluoroalkyl Silicones

Various structures

Silicone Variations



	C	R
FPE	>0	$(\text{CH}_2)_3(\text{OC}_2\text{H}_4)_d(\text{OC}_3\text{H}_6)_e \text{OH}$
FS	0	
FA	>0	$\text{C}_n\text{H}_{(2n)} \text{R}'$

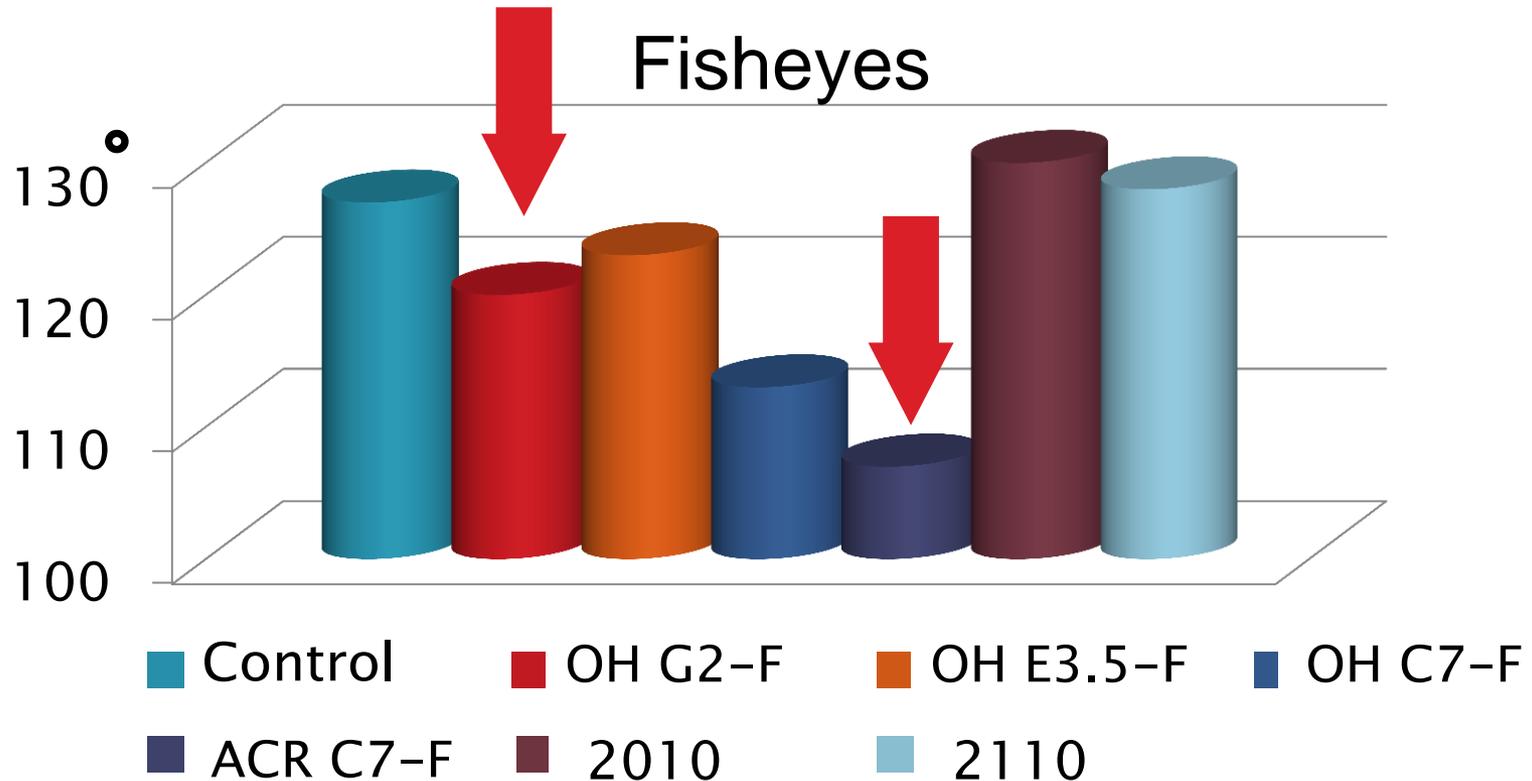
Structural Details

Fluorosil®	Wt % Silicone	Wt % CF ₂	Reactive Site	Water Miscible	MW	Type
2010	37%	8%	OH	1%	3000	fluoroalkyl polyether silicone
2110	27%	3%	OH	10%	7000	
D2	52%	48%	no	no	2000	fluoroalkyl silicone
J15	83%	17%	no	no	14000	
OH G2-F	57%	41%	OH	no	3000	alkyl, fluoroalkyl silicone
OH E3.5-F	68%	30%	OH	no	3000	
OH C7-F	81%	17%	OH	no	2000	
ACR C7-F	81%	17%	ACR	no	2000	
H418	60%	20%	no	no	5000	

Film Properties: SB Urethane

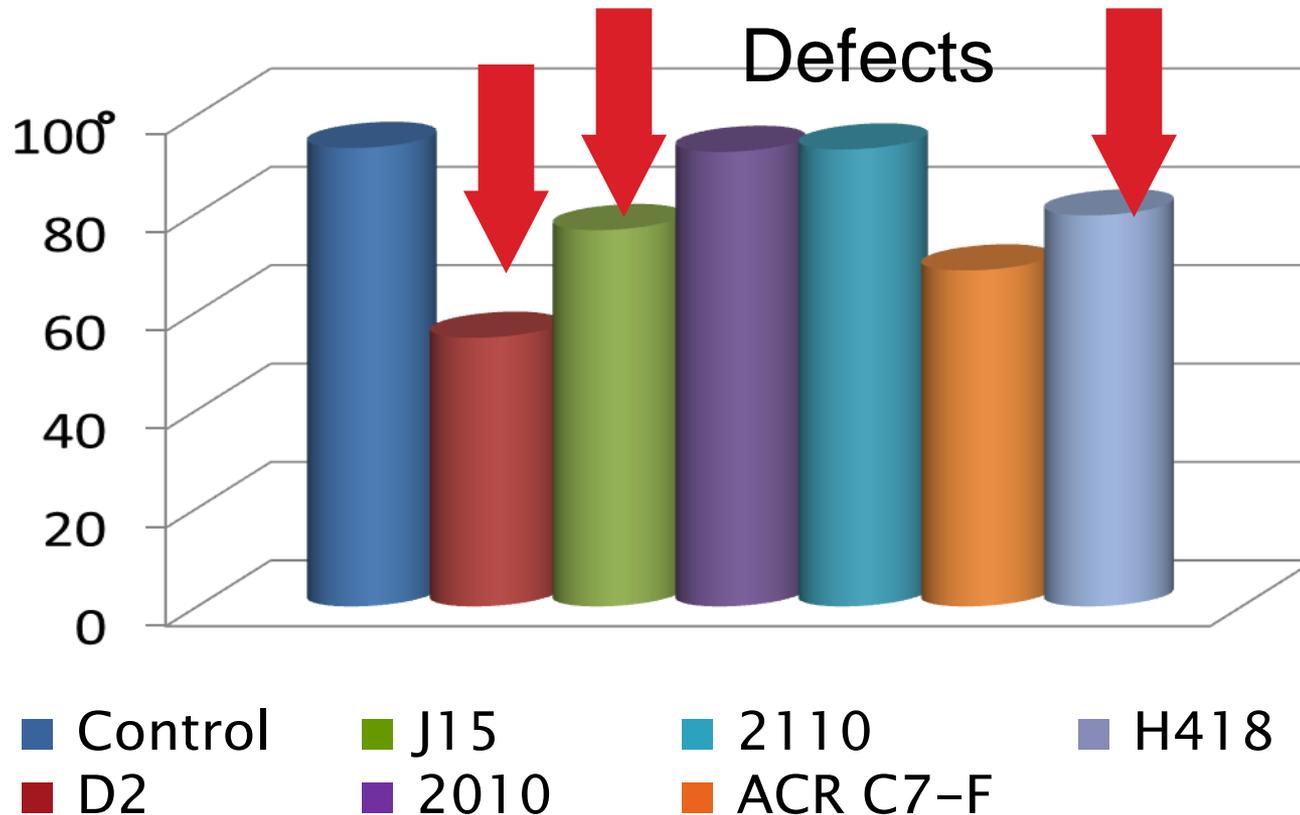
Fluorosil®	Static COF	Kinetic COF	Gloss	%Gloss Retained	Mar Resist	Surface appearance
Control	1.397	1.500	127	77.2%	1.1	Smooth
OH G2-F	1.274	1.204	120	95.0%	6.4	Fisheyes
OH E3.5-F	0.940	1.115	123	86.2%	4.3	Smooth
OH C7-F	0.794	0.756	113	87.1%	4.3	Smooth
ACR C7-F	0.405	0.422	107	93.1%	6.4	Fisheyes
2010	0.577	0.631	130	96.7%	6.4	Smooth
2110	0.681	0.711	128	96.4%	6.4	Smooth

Gloss: SB Urethane



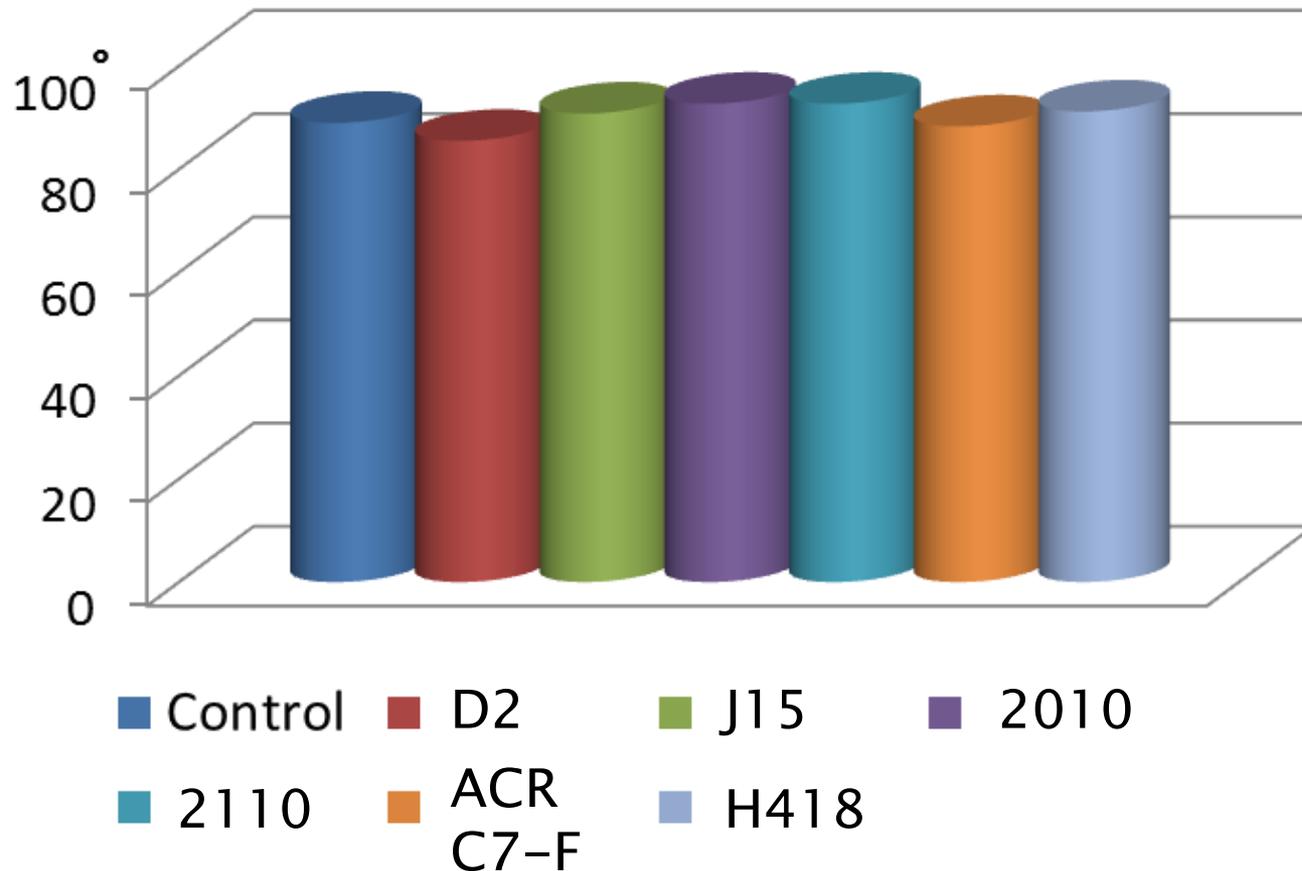
- FPE are most miscible, improve gloss
- FA type decrease gloss cause defects

Gloss: UV Urethane Acrylate



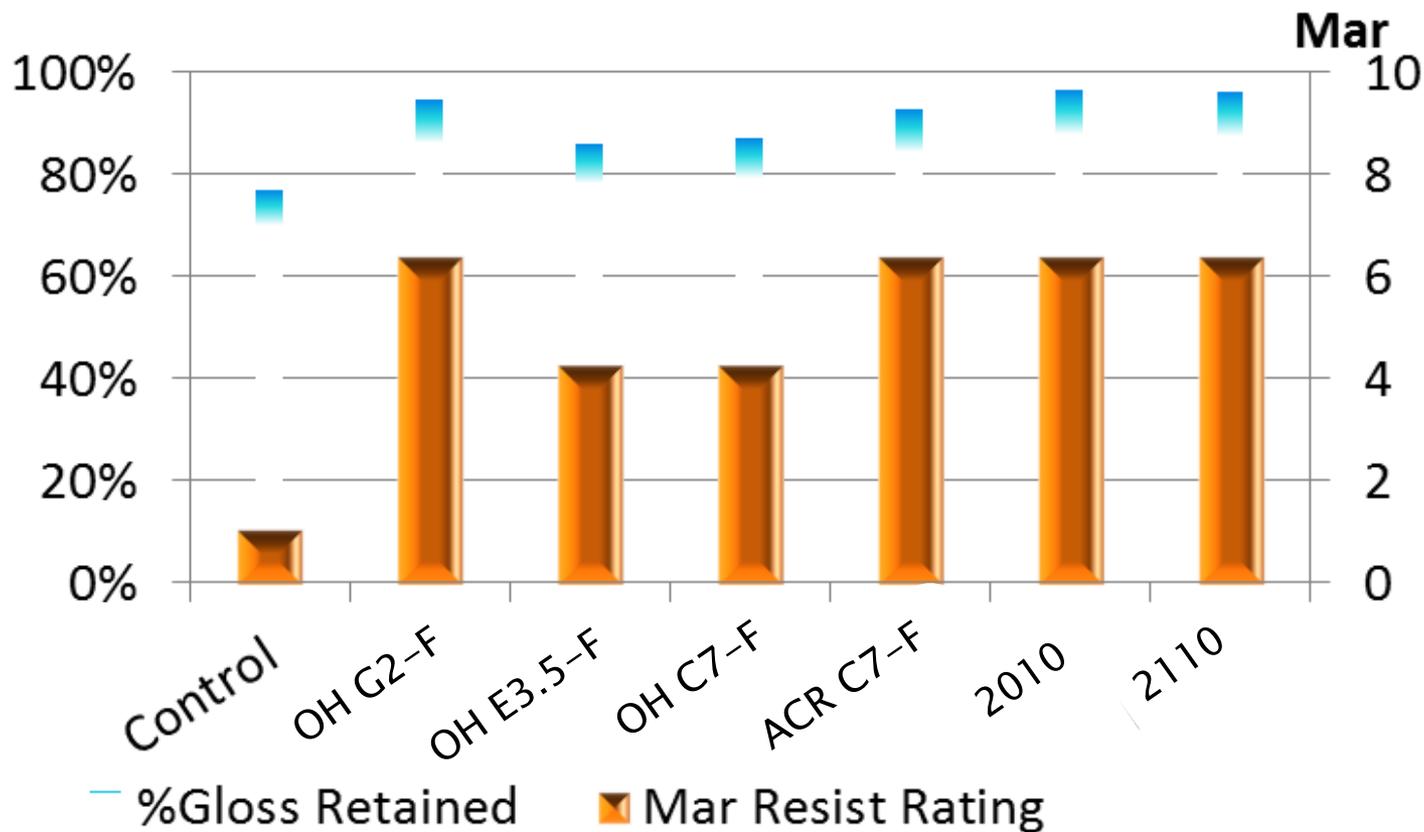
- FPE are most miscible, keep gloss
- FA and FS types decrease gloss

Gloss: UV Epoxy Acrylate



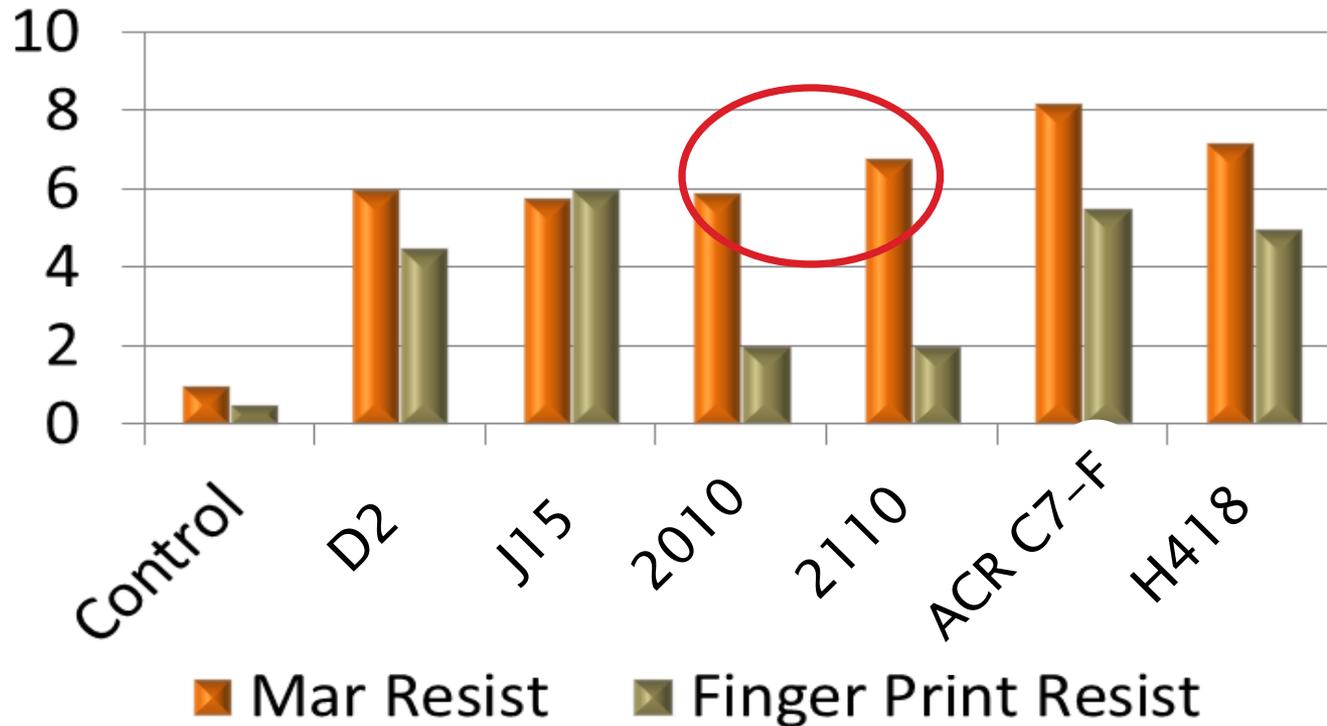
- Minor incompatibility

Mar Resist: SB Urethane



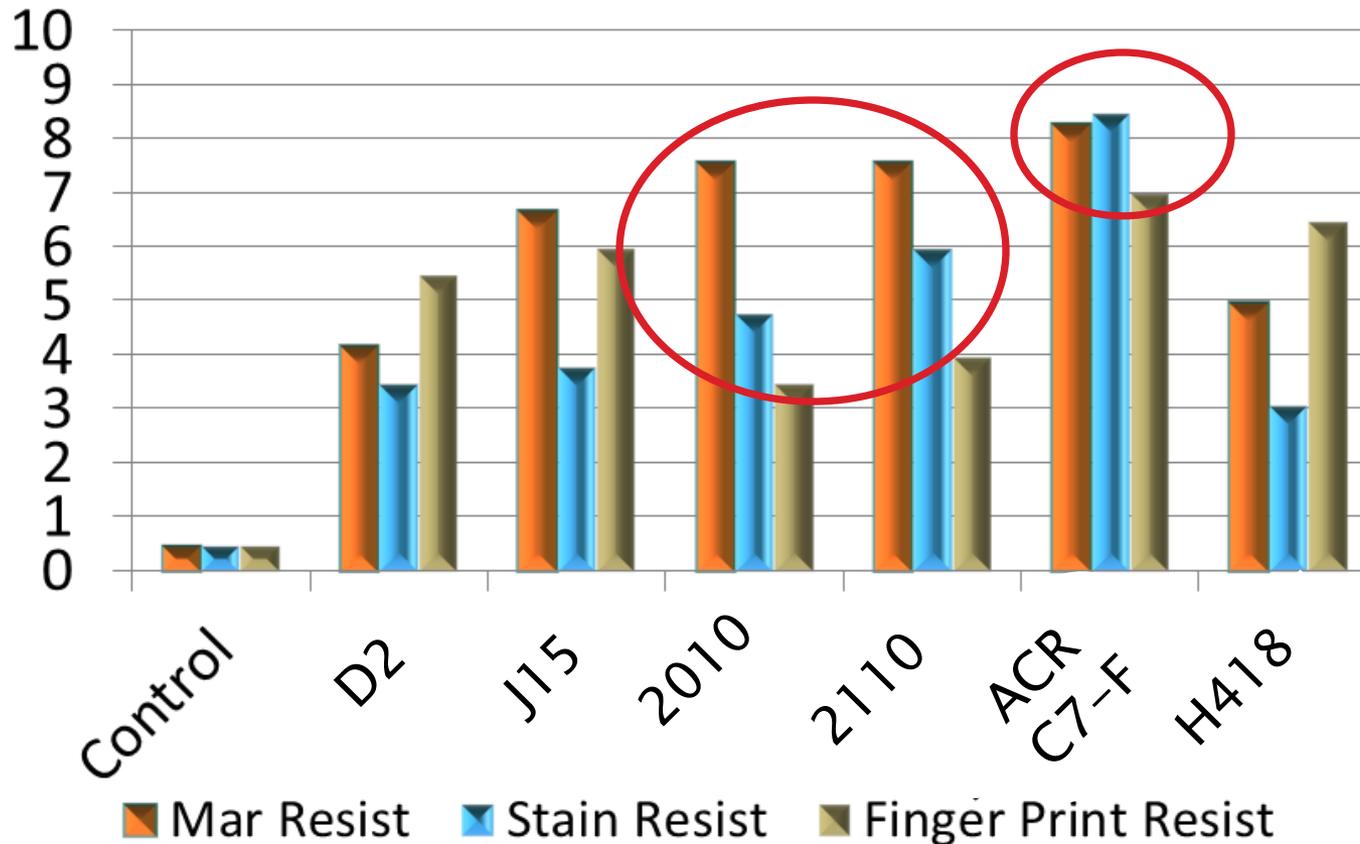
- All improve mar resistance

Mar/ Finger Print: UV Ureth. Acryl.



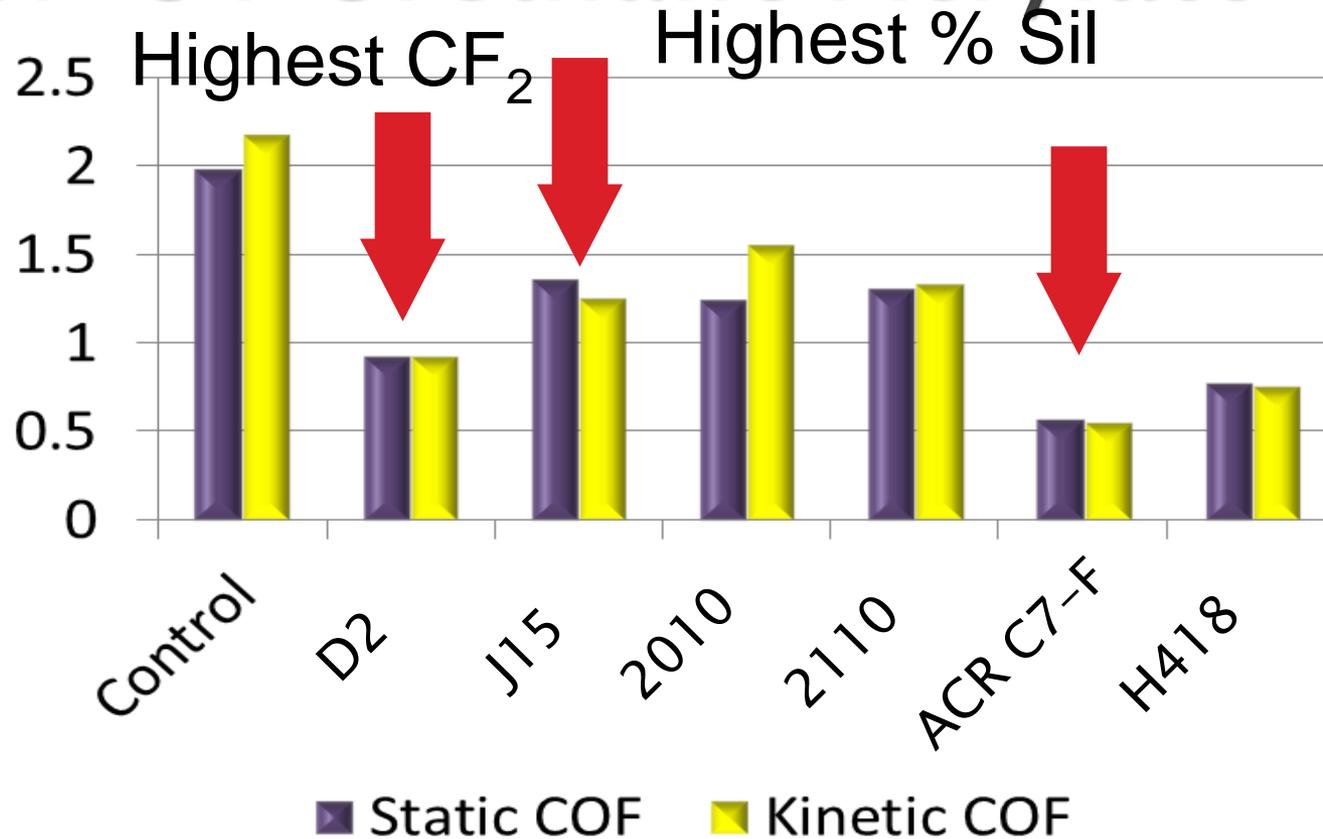
- All improve mar resistance
- All improve anti-finger print

Mar, Stain, Print: UV Ep. Acryl.



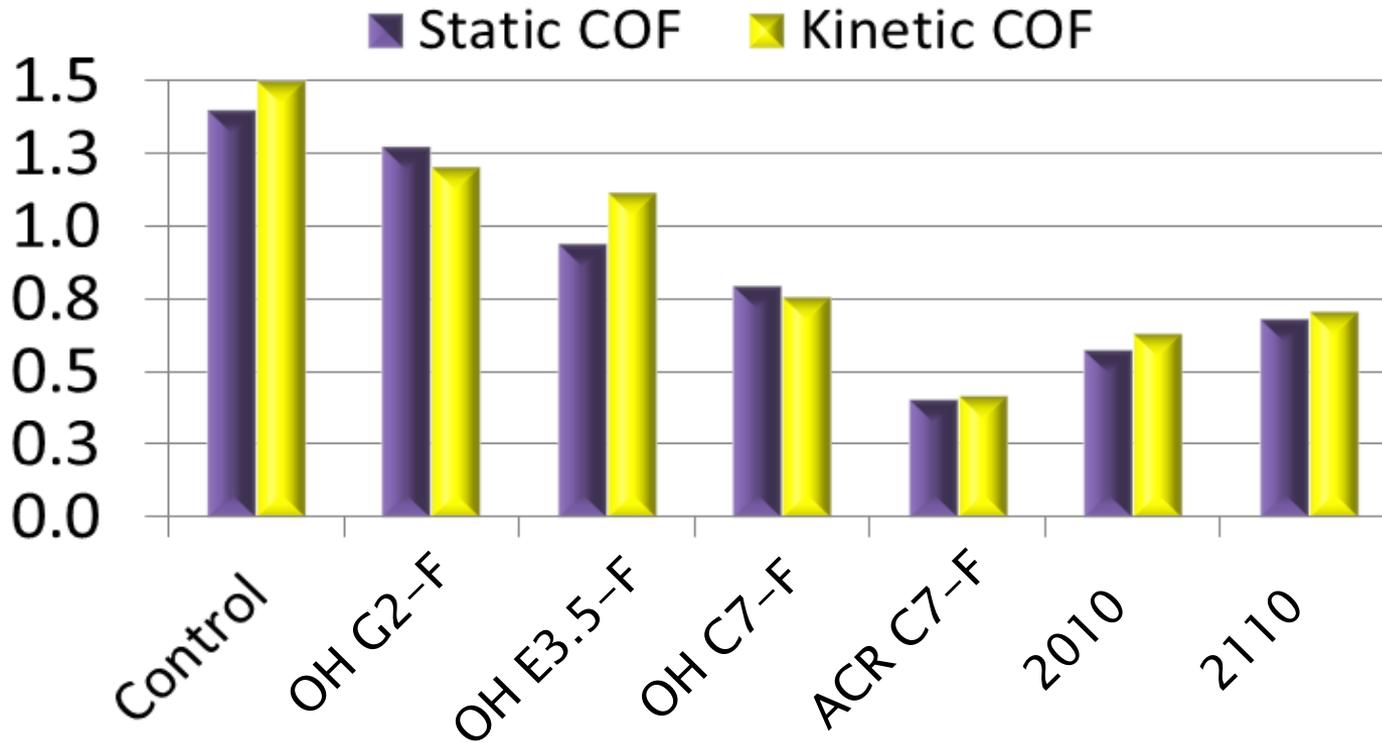
- All properties are improved
- FPEs weak on fingerprint
- ACR C7-F strong on all

Slip: UV Urethane Acrylate



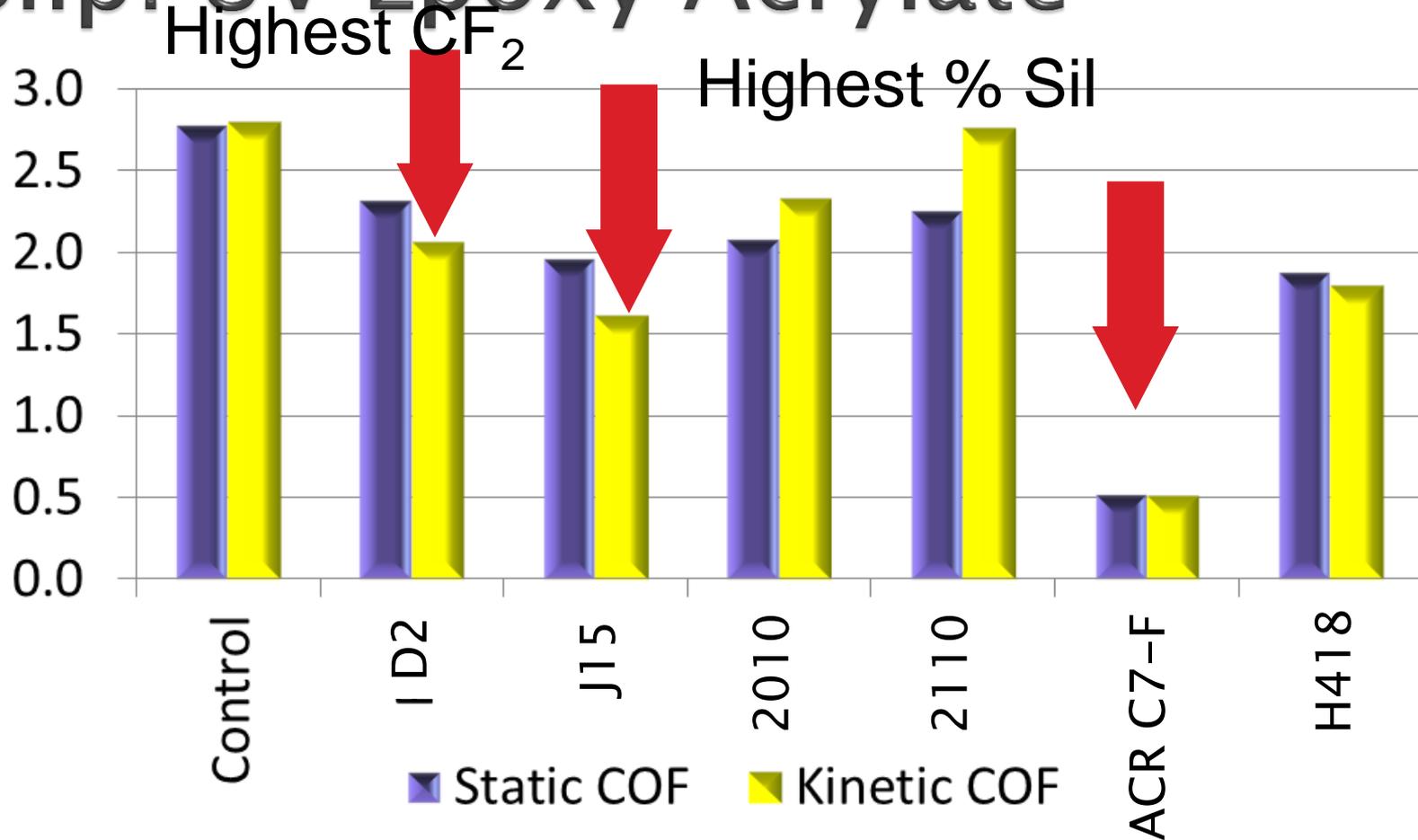
- All improve COF
- More with $>$ wt% CF_2

COF Reduction: SB Urethane



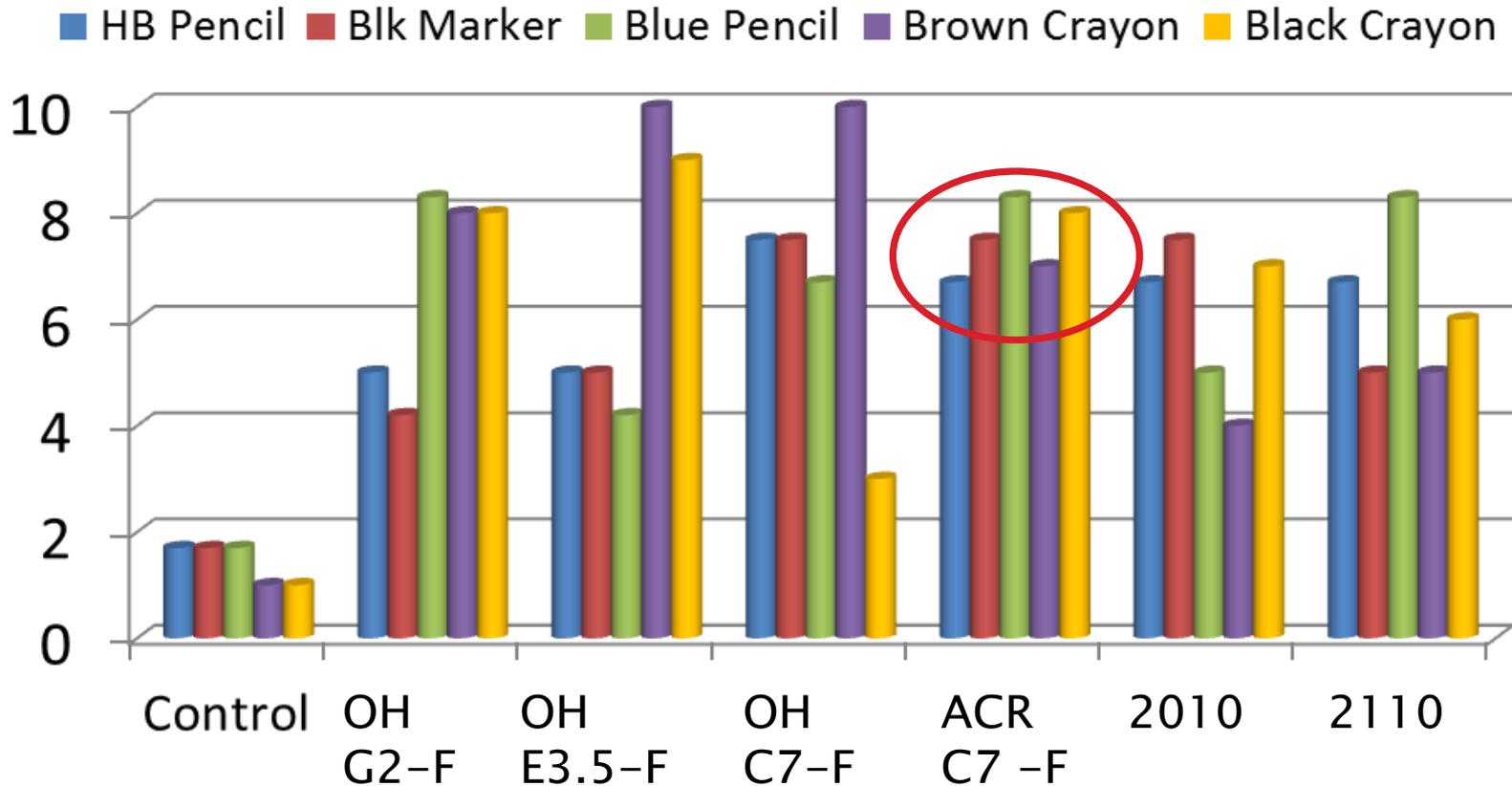
- All improve COF
- More with > wt% silicone

Slip: UV Epoxy Acrylate



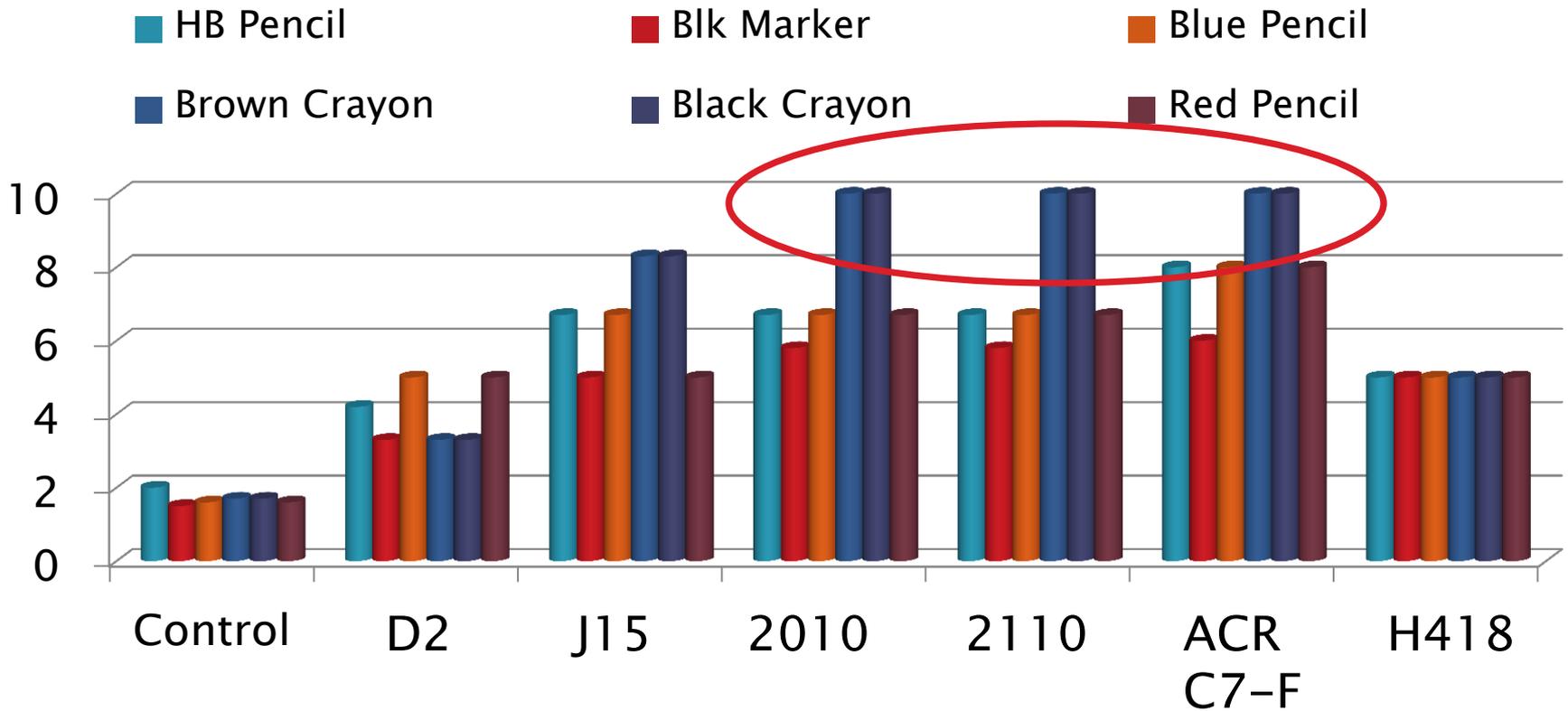
- All improve COF
- More with > wt% silicone

Stain Resist: SB Urethane



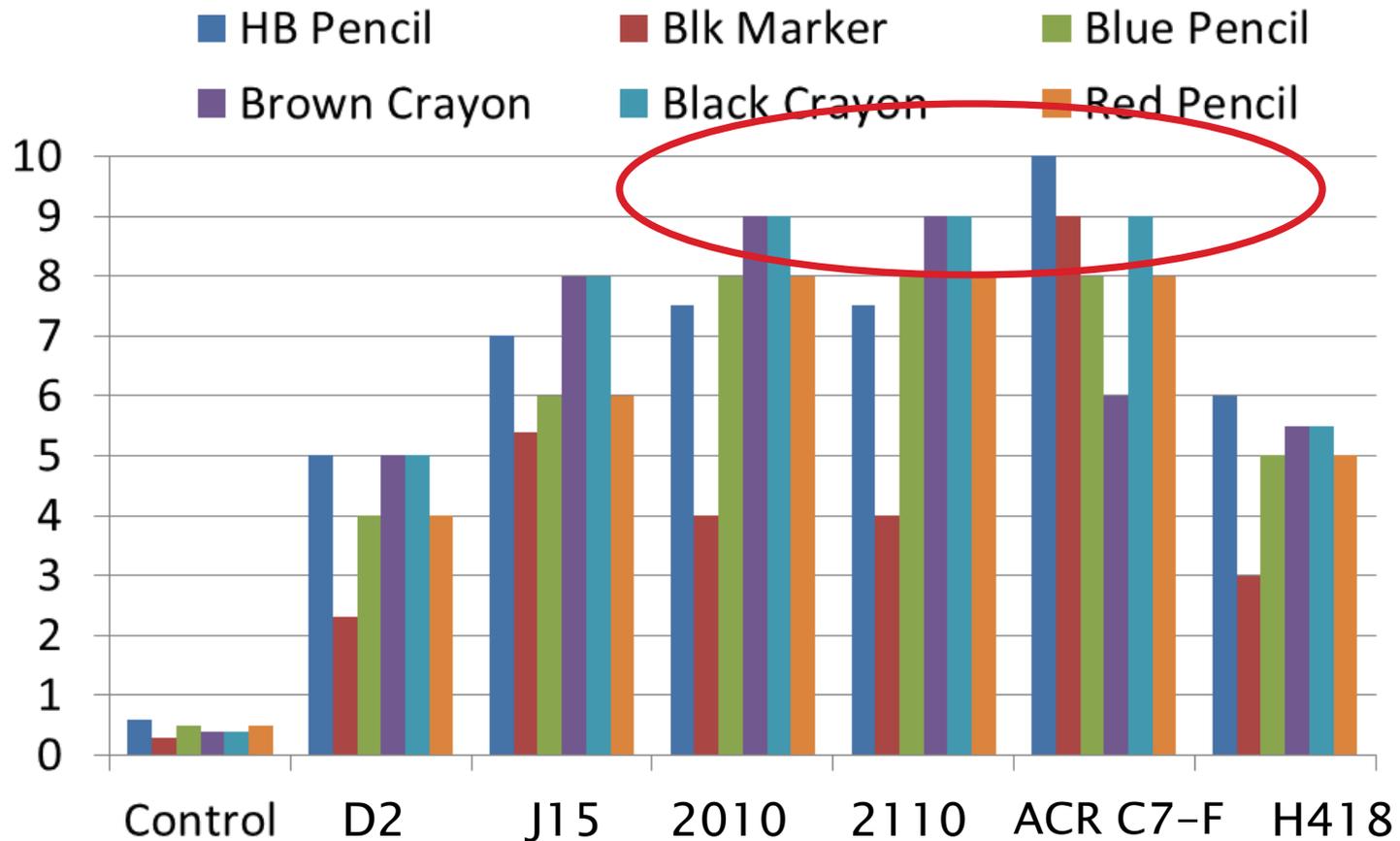
- Fluorosil OH C7-F and ACR C7-F are strong

Stain Resist: UV Urethane Acrylate



- ACR C7-F and FPEs are effective

Stain: UV Epoxy Acrylate



- Highest %CF₂ is least effective
- ACR C7-F and FPEs are effective

Results

- ▶ All FAS additives improve COF, mar and stain resistance and to a lesser degree fingerprint resist.
- ▶ FPE are the only compatible FASs and give good slip, mar and anti stain, but weak finger print resist
- ▶ ACR C7-F, 2010 & 2110 again give relatively high ratings for gloss, mar and stain resistance.
- ▶ Best results are for crayons
- ▶ J15, H418 & ACR C7-F give the best fingerprint resist.
- ▶ Highest CF_2 content is only important for fingerprint resist. For other properties %Sil and % CF_2 are both needed

Recommendations

- ▶ Mono materials did not give strong performance: may give smart properties.
- ▶ Silquat products for dissipative needs only.
- ▶ Fluorosil[®] 2010, Fluorosil 2110 are very good for all but fingerprint resistance
- ▶ Fluorosil OH C7-F and Fluorosil ACR C7-F are best overall including for fingerprint resistance.
 - They are not always compatible.
- ▶ Use levels are up to 5% and more is better in most cases.

THANK YOU

